Witton Church Walk C of E Primary School

Intimate Care Policy



A PARTNERSHIP OF SCHOOL, HOME, PARISH & COMMUNITY.

'Where Every Door is Opened and Every Gift is Unlocked'

At Witton we are a partnership of school, church, home and community. We create a stimulating and caring environment, grounded in Christian belief and practice, so that all members of our school community feel happy, safe and secure. Time is taken to value and nurture each child educationally, creatively and spiritually. Children and staff are encouraged to aim for 'Everyday Excellence' and believe in themselves in order to achieve their full potential.

Our school works within the recommendations of The Equality Act 2010.

INTRODUCTION

Intimate care is any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure (such as cleaning up a pupil after they have soiled themselves) to intimate personal areas. In most cases such care will involve cleaning for hygiene purposes as part of a staff member's duty of care. In the case of a specific procedure only a person suitably trained and assessed as competent should undertake the procedure, (e.g. the administration of rectal diazepam).

The issue of intimate care is a sensitive one and will require staff to be respectful of the child's needs. The child's dignity should always be preserved with a high level of privacy, choice and control. There shall be a high awareness of child protection issues. Staff behaviour must be open to scrutiny and staff must work in partnership with parents/carers to provide continuity of care to children/young people wherever possible.

Witton Church Walk Primary School is committed to ensuring that all staff responsible for the intimate care of children will undertake their duties in a professional manner at all times. Witton Church Walk Primary School recognises that there is a need to treat all children with respect when intimate care is given. No child should be attended to in a way that causes distress or pain.

Our Approach to Best Practice

The management of all children with intimate care needs will be carefully planned. The child who requires intimate care is treated with respect at all times; the child's welfare and dignity is of paramount importance. Staff who provide intimate care are trained to do so (including Child Protection and Health and Safety training as needed for specific pupils with statements/disabilities) and are fully aware of best practice. Apparatus will be provided to assist with children who need special arrangements following assessment from physiotherapist/occupational therapist as required. Staff will be supported to adapt their practice in relation to the needs of individual children taking into account developmental changes such as the onset of puberty and menstruation. Wherever possible staff who are involved in the intimate care of children/young people will not usually be involved with the delivery of sex education to the children/young people in their care as an additional safeguard to both staff and children/young people involved. Exceptions may be made for pupils with learning disabilities with parental consent/agreement.

The child will be supported to achieve the highest level of autonomy that is possible given their age and abilities. Staff will encourage each child to do as much for him/herself as he/she can. This may mean, for example, giving the child responsibility for washing themselves. Individual intimate care plans will be drawn up for particular children as appropriate to suit the circumstances of the child.

Each child's right to privacy will be respected. Careful consideration will be given to each child's situation to determine how many carers might need to be present when a child is toileted. Where possible, one child will be catered for by one adult unless there is a sound reason for having more adults present. If this is the case, the reasons should be clearly documented. Wherever possible the same child will not be cared for by the same adult on a regular basis; ideally there will be a rota of carers known to the child who will take turns in providing care. This will ensure, as far as possible, that over familiar relationships are discouraged from developing, whilst at the same time guarding against the care being carried out by a succession of completely different carers. Intimate care arrangements will be discussed with parents/carers on a regular basis and recorded on the child's care plan. The needs and wishes of children and parents will be taken into account wherever possible within the constraints of staffing and equal opportunities legislation

The Protection of Children

Education Child Protection Procedures and Inter-Agency Child Protection procedures will be adhered to. All children will be taught personal safety skills carefully matched to their level of development and understanding. If a member of staff has any concerns about physical changes in a child's presentation, e.g. marks, bruises, soreness etc s/he will immediately report concerns to the appropriate manager/designated person for child protection. If a child becomes distressed or unhappy about being cared for by a particular member of staff, the matter will be looked into and outcomes recorded. Parents/carers will be contacted at the earliest opportunity as part of this process in order to reach a resolution. Staffing schedules will be altered until the issue(s) are resolved so that the child's needs remain paramount. Further advice will be taken from outside agencies if necessary. If a child makes an allegation against a member of staff, all necessary procedures will be followed.

Health and Safety

Health and safety advice for schools can be found in the Health and Safety Handbook, available to schools through the Education, Arts and Libraries (EAL) website.

Further Guidance

□ "Keeping Children Safe in Education" (2023)

Keeping children safe in education 2023 (publishing.service.gov.uk)

□ "Working Together to Safeguard Children", Inter-Agency Child Protection Procedures.

Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (publishing.service.gov.uk)
Working Together to Safeguard Children: Statutory framework
(publishing.service.gov.uk)

☐ Circular 10/95, Protecting Children from Abuse: The Role of the Education Service DFEE.

www.dfes.gov.uk/publications/guidanceonthelaw/10_95summary

□ What to do if You're Worried A Child is Being Abused. Summary (2003) www.doh.gov.uk/safeguardingchildren/index.htm

Additional Guidance -Children wearing nappies

Schools may have concerns regarding Child Protection issues when they are asked by parents to admit a child who is still wearing nappies. Child Protection need not present an issue. It is good practice to provide information for parents of the policy and practice in the school. Such information will be given during home visits (Nursery) and 1:1 meetings (Reception).

If a child has a tummy upset and develops diarrhoea, then the best outcome for the child is for him or her to go home and have a shower or bath. Parents / carers will be contacted and asked to take the child home to ensure their comfort. School does not have the facilities to clean a child in these circumstances

Policy Updated:

Adopted by Staff and Governors:

Date for Review:

Changing Facilities

Children will be changed in own classroom toilet in the EYFS. For older children they will be changed in the accessible toilet. Where possible children will be changed standing.

Equipment Provision

Parents have a role to play when their child is still wearing nappies. The parent should provide nappies, disposal bags, wipes; changing mat etc. and parent should be made aware of this responsibility. The school is responsible for providing gloves, plastic aprons, a bin, and liners to dispose of any waste.

Health and Safety

Staff should wear a plastic apron and gloves when dealing with a child who is bleeding or soiled or when changing a soiled nappy. Any soiled waste should be placed in a polythene waste disposal bag, which can be sealed. This bag should then be placed in a bin (complete with liner). It can be collected as part of the usual refuse collection service as this waste is not classed as clinical waste. Staff should be made aware of the school's Health and Safety Policy.

Special Needs

Children with special needs have the same rights to safety and privacy when receiving intimate care. Additional vulnerabilities that may arise from a physical disability or learning difficulty must be considered with regard to individual teaching and IEPs for each child. As with all arrangements for intimate care needs, agreements between the child, those with parental responsibility and the school should be easily understood and recorded. Parents of pupils with regular soiling/wetting will be encouraged to leave a change of clothes in school for the use of their child. Regardless of age and ability, the views and/or emotional responses of children with special needs should be actively sought (with advocacy arrangements made for those who can't) in regular reviews of these arrangements.

Guidance to safeguard children and education staff with regard to situations which may lend themselves to allegations of abuse (physical contact, first aid, showers/changing clothes, out of school activities and photography

Physical Contact

All staff engaged in the care and education of children need to exercise caution in the use of physical contact. The expectation is that staff will work in "limited touch" cultures and that when physical contact is made with pupils this will be in response to the pupil's needs at the time, will be of limited duration and will be appropriate given their age, stage of development and background. Staff should be aware that even well intentional physical contact

might be misconstrued directly by the child, an observer or by anyone the action is described to. Staff must therefore always be prepared to justify actions and accept that all physical contact be open to scrutiny. Physical contact which is repeated with an individual child or young person is likely to raise questions unless the justification for this is formally agreed by the child, the organisation and those with parental responsibility.

Children with special needs may require more physical contact to assist their everyday learning. The general culture of "limited touch" will be adapted where appropriate to the individual requirements of each child. The arrangements must be understood and agreed by all concerned, justified in terms of the child's needs, consistently applied and open to scrutiny. Wherever possible, consultation with colleagues should take place where any deviation from the arrangements is anticipated. Any deviation and the justification for it should be documented and reported.

Extra caution may be required where a child has suffered previous abuse or neglect. In the child's view, physical contact might be associated with such experiences and lead to staff vulnerable to allegations of abuse. Additionally many such children are extremely needy and seek out inappropriate physical contact. In such circumstances staff should deter the child without causing them a negative experience. Ensuring that a witness is present will help to protect staff from such allegations, wherever possible.

First Aid and Intimate Care

Staff who administers first aid should ensure wherever possible that another adult or other children are present. The pupil's dignity must always be considered and where contact of a more intimate nature is required (e.g. assisting with toileting or the removal of wet/soiled clothing) another member of staff should be in the vicinity and should be made aware of the task being undertaken.

Regular requirements of an intimate nature should be planned for. Agreements between the school, those with parental responsibility and the child concerned should be documented and easily understood. The necessity for such requirements should be reviewed regularly. The child's views must also be actively sought and, in particular, any discomfort with the arrangements addressed.

Procedure for changing/cleaning children

Where?

☐ Nursery toilet

Reception toilet

For older pupils – the accessible toilet

Procedure

□ Promote independence□ Support independence□ Adult to change and clean child	
Equipment to use Plastic aprons Gloves Non-allergic wet-wipes Nappy sacks for soiled wipes — place in bin outside Nappy sacks for soiled underwear/clothes Soil bin Alcohol gel	
Parent informed verbally and spoken to at the end of the	session.
Signed	Head teacher
Signed	Chair of Governors
September 2023	